Evidentiary Document 4 5130.

SUMPLRY OF EXAMINATION

OF

LNO. 2586617 Set. G.V.P. PICOZZI, Royal Corps of Signals having been duly sworn st. tes:-

I cm 30 years of age, of British Nationality, born at London.

My permanent home is (MIL).

I am at present living at pearl's Hill Prison, Singapore where I am acting as a warder.

The following is an account of my experiences in The Hilitary Gaol in Pearls Hill Prison, Singapore, where I was incarporated from August 1943 until August 144.

I was locked up in cell 19 p Block. There were 13 other soldiers there when I arrived and when I saw them I realised that this was indeed hell on earth. They were covered in septic scabies, were suffering from beri-beri and in rany cases dysentery. Everyone was hopelessly undernourished and terribly thin, the average weight being about 7 stone. The food was totally inadequate - three meals a day consisting in all of some 8 ozs. of rice with a little soup and an occasional fish head. For five months we all but starved to death and I personally went down from 12 stone to 6 stone 2 lbs. by which time I was very sick with scabies and beri-beri. On asking or rather begging for medicine I was told to hurry up and die as there was no treatment for such as I. In seven months I had been in solitary confinement as I was still an untried prisoner and my state of mind was such that I just wanted to die.

Everyone lived in constant four of the guards as severe beatings were the punishment for the slightest offence. The following are some of the worst atrocities which I witnessed:-

- 1. In Murch or April 19/4 there was in prison with me an old Greek priest from Mulacca. He was suffering from severe scabies and one night when he was meaning in his cell the guard went in and kicked and boat him. He died the same night. The guard who murdered him is himself now a prisoner in the gael and I have identified him as YAMAVISHI.
- 2. Chinese and murasians have been carried out on stretchers to be beheaded, too sick talk or even crawl. Young Chinese, too young to die, have left for execution/shouting for victory for the Allies and showing us the way to die for King and Country.
- 3. The most pathetic sight was seven purasians, some of them my friends in peacetime, whose only crime was that they had taken news into Changi Camp which was common practice in Singapore. For this they were condermed to death after premises from the Japs that they would be excused if they became good citizens. They were beheaded on 26 Nov. '43.

- 4. Then Hatfield was condemned to die he was kept in an empty cell for six days prior to his execution. He was in a very bad state and was handcuffed and without bodding. He had a horror of beheading and the guards never lost an opportunity of termenting him with reminders of what was to come. His mental anguish must have been almost unbearable. From a 16 stone man he had become a 7 stone wreck and was executed on 6 pec. '43.
- 5. An Indian soldier was kicked in the back by a guard and completely crippled. He could not walk and eventually died. The guard who murdered him is himself now a prisoner in the guard and I have identified him as NIHAR. HIDEO.
- 6. A Chinese man was driven and by constant beatings and eventually killed himself by bashinghis head against the wall of his cell. The guard who was responsible for this man's death is himself now a prisoner in the gael and I have identified him as KAMATA.
- (7. An English POW named Brown of the Loyal Regiment was driven and by constant beating and general illtreatment. The guard responsible for this is himself now a prisoner in the gael and I have identified him as MANO. He was also in charge of the issue of rations and made sure that the British and Australian PSOW were almost starved to death.
- 18. Two Australians died of starvation and general illtreatment in July 1943. The man who is partially responsible for their death is MORIMOTO who is now a prisoner in the gael.
 - 9. I have personally been illtreated by the following guards who are now prisoners in the gool and who I have identified:-
 - (a) HIEDA Knocked me unconscious three times with his sword butt and made me crawl one mile on my hands and knees when I was sick with dysentery and malaria and could not walk. He did this just for the pleasure of seeing my sores cut and bleeding.
 - (b) MURATA hen I was unable to walk and was crawling along he kicked me in the face because I was not going fast enough.

 It has left a sear on my forehead.
 - (c) SATO Took particular delight in terturing me by making me crawl about and beating me when I was to sick to move.
 - 10. The following guards also delighted in illtreating prisoners. They are all in gael and have been identified by no:-
 - (a) TSUMUDA, Keiji reduced already meagre rations and kicked sick prisoners.
 - (b) KOGA general illtroatment.

- (c) ONISHI particularly fond of beating English soldiers. He kept me on about 4 ozs. of rice and water for 14 days because I would not kiss his shoes.
- (d) Sally starving and beating.
- (6) KOBAYASHI particularly fond of hurting officers.
- (f) HATORI beat up everybody. He beat a British soldier named Lawson and broke two of his ribs. Particularly fond of kicking prisoners until they were unconscious.
- (g) YAMASHITA a particularly vicious type who specialised in beating up sick prisoners. He was in charge of the kitchen for a time when he made sure we were given half rations and sour rice until everybody was sick. Then he came round telling us to hurry up and die, helping us along with kicks and blows.
- (h) SATO . general illtreatment.
- (i) OMUMURA general illtroatment.
- (j) H.CHIYA general illtreatment.
- (k) SHIMOI general illtreatment.

After Dec. '43 things began to get a lot better. The food increased and everyone who could work was allowed to do so. Of course if you were sick you were still starved, the Jap method being no work, no food. After about six weeks things began to drop off again and beatings once more became the order of the day. It was futile to complain for there was nobody to complain to. Eventually I was sent to Changi PO. Hospital when the guards thought I was past saving. This was one of their most famous jokes. They would keep soldiers in their cells with no medical treatment and just before they died send them to Changi. In this way the responsibility for the deaths did not lie with the prison authorities.

My statement can be corroborated by

Set. YAPP, RASC. Set. MORAN, 2 Loyals Bdr. NOON, 155 Fd. Regt. CSM. HLEE, 2/26 Rogt. AIF.

(Signed) G.V. PICOZZI, Set.

Sworn before me

(Signed) .G. PRITCH.RD. Lt. Col. O.C. No. 7 or Crimes Investigation Team.

This 8th day of January 1946

potailed to examine the above

by C in C. Allied Land Forces SEA.

日 近 日

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ショゥ ウナ音二へ治説シシティカラ造り死 ネト云ハレマゥ。 カ・韓ヲ臭レト顔よ。り撃ロ時間シャラ、なノネ 美時造ニ郎ニ許証ト師気テ大局告シンテ眉りマッ カラズストーンニョンド約十貫三百二十名二説り リマショの記目祭と立員へ得二日死センバカリトチ 正信月ノ同ニ歌と登員へ得二日死センバカリトチ

でイマス。下へ放び目野シの売を非近イ口扇行為ノ数例テゴルノテ一同へにエス奈兵ラ鹿レ丁華シャシな。以近ク配イ神二部シテ三関トシテ限シク打のセラレ

スト部兵ガスランボン佐ヲ足問ニシ打ジシマショニロット居子政ル交英ノ谷国子師・丁酉リット 高三日ット居子政ル交英ノ谷国子師ット居りマ政ト一郎三祖当所三居りマシタの公(烈シイ伝マラッカ)カラボタ写示の 人は国人位回ガー人一九回回年三月テアツタカ、四月テアツタカ「

(四號(以工品第一十十~「民部省」))

南首かレマシ々。死スニハ早、原年ノ交部人ガイ支部人及欧亚提血人等子が論領子過と出サレニ直輸予告 存 スルコトモ信フコトサヘモ出次テ

花剤ヲ敬行かレニ出ア行キャシカ。

へとの公告ハー九四三年十一月二十六日ニシタの記三點シ暫直テル市民ニテレバ額ルストのいる。記三額シ暫直テル市民ニテレバ額ルストのは camp / 作録ラスレカダケノコトティリマでは強強テョクアルコトテーチャンチ」 開始 / Chan-では多くなカー公舎、師ト云フノへ唱う

「川岡」

U (カートマーミン/ Hatfield / 京際電 m 宣告サレタト午彼八英ノ弘行前ノ六日間八ノ居 ナイ房ニスレラレマシタ。公ノ答問へ非常三位 イノニ彼ハ早館り以メラレ原具モニテガハレマ センテシタの彼へ所首ラ記レア思りマシタのソ レダノニ衛兵組へ留官アル毎二の大賞ノコトラ 言ツタリ即付カレクリシテ公グ音シメマシタ。 彼へ発ンド語誌的管衛二塩エラレナカツタコト デアラウ。十六ストーン第二十六堂八百八十九 ノ人同分七ストーン(十一页七百六十分)ノミ

二陸刑サレマシタ。シメシ島体トチッ子彼ハ一九四三年十二月六日

- ロテ死亡歌シマシタ。 ノ不具ニケリマシタ。彼、参行そ田次ケクケリュー人ノ印度人兵士、衛兵二智部 フェット ショック はっぱ でき 出京 ラック ラック
- 分一島ノ龍三関ラ方付クテ白電面シマシタの大一交部人ハにエズ行にセラレナ気が定と結局自
- テゴヒマシタ。 伊山へ四エザル打印ト何ノ南帝ノタメ気が強り大変国際はノブラウン /Brown/ト云フ交回人
- 三年七月二死亡帝シマシ々。今二人ノ帝別人へ飢傷ト何ノ虐帝ノ々メニー九四

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